

Class 1 Shares

**PROSPECTUS** 

May 1, 2020

Advised by:
Probabilities Fund Management, LLC
200 Mamaroneck Avenue, Suite 300
White Plains, NY 10601
1-855-224-7204

This Prospectus provides important information about the Portfolio that you should know before investing. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, you may not be receiving paper copies of the Portfolio's shareholder reports from the insurance company that offers your contract unless you specifically request paper copies from the insurance company or from your financial intermediary. Instead, the shareholder reports will be made available on a website, and the insurance company will notify you by mail each time a report is posted and provide you with a website link to access the report. Instructions for requesting paper copies will be provided by your insurance company.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the insurance company electronically by following the instructions provided by the insurance company.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge from the insurance company. You should contact the insurance company if you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all portfolio companies available under your contract at the insurance company.

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#### **FUND SUMMARY**

Investment Objective: The Probabilities VIT Fund (the "Portfolio") seeks capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Portfolio: This table describes the annual operating expenses that you may indirectly pay if you invest in the Portfolio through your retirement plan or if you allocate your insurance contract premiums or payments to the Portfolio. However, each insurance contract and separate account involves fees and expenses that are not described in this Prospectus. If the fees and expenses of your insurance contract or separate account were included in this table, your overall expenses would be higher. You should review the insurance contract prospectus for a complete description of fees and expenses.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses	
(expenses that you pay each year as a	Class 1
percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	1.35%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	1.85%
Expense Limitation	2.24%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (1)	<u>0.34%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>3.89%</u>
Fee Waiver & Reimbursement (2)	(1.31)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver	<u>2.58%</u>

- (1) Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are the indirect costs of investing in other investment companies. The operating expenses in this fee table will not correlate to the expense ratio in the Portfolio's financial highlights because the financial statements include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Portfolio, not the indirect costs of investing in other investment companies.
- (2) The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive its management fees and to make payments to limit Portfolio expenses, until April 30, 2021 so that the total annual operating expenses excluding (i) any front-end or contingent deferred loads; (ii) brokerage fees and commissions; (iii) acquired fund fees and expenses; (iv) fees and expenses associated with investments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including for example options and swap fees and expenses); (v) borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); (vi) taxes; and (vii) extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Portfolio officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Portfolio service providers (other than the adviser)) of the Portfolio do not exceed 2.24% for Class 1 shares. These fee waivers and expense reimbursements are subject to possible recoupment from the Portfolio in future years (within the three years after the fees have been waived or reimbursed) if such recoupment can be achieved within the foregoing expense limits. This agreement may be terminated only by the Trust's Board of Trustees ("the "Board"), on 60 days' written notice to the adviser.

**Example:** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. However, each insurance contract and separate account involves fees and expenses that are not included in the Example. If these fees and expenses were included in the Example, your overall expenses would be higher. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based upon these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u> 3 Years</u>	<u> 5 Years</u>	<u> 10 Years</u>
Class 1	\$261	\$1,067	\$1,891	\$4,031

**Portfolio Turnover:** The Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Portfolio's performance. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 1,711% of the average value of its portfolio.

**Principal Investment Strategies:** The Portfolio utilizes a "fund of funds" structure to invest primarily in exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), including inverse ETFs and leveraged ETFs. ETFs that seek to track the performance of broad-based U.S. equity indices, principally the Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") as well as mid-cap, small-cap and total market indexes are referred to as "Index ETFs". The Portfolio may also invest in ETFs which seek returns which are the inverse of a U.S. Equity index, ("Inverse Index ETFs") or ETFs that employ leverage in an effort to deliver, on a daily basis, up to three times the performance of the S&P 500 ("Leveraged Index ETFs"). In addition, the Portfolio may hold cash, money market instruments, or other cash equivalents (collectively, "Cash Instruments").

The Portfolio's adviser, Probabilities Fund Management, LLC ("Probabilities or the Adviser"), uses an active trading strategy based on a proprietary rules-based methodology to determine the Portfolio's allocation among Index ETFs, Leveraged Index ETFs, Inverse Index ETFs and Cash Instruments that seeks to take advantage of long-term trends in the market. The Portfolio typically invests in either ETFs or Cash Instruments depending on the Probabilities' assessment of the market. When Probabilities' believes that conditions are favorable for investment in equities, the Portfolio will invest in index ETFs and leveraged ETFs. During periods that Probabilities believes will offer the highest probability of capital appreciation, the adviser will increase the Portfolio's percentage allocation to leveraged ETFs; otherwise, the Portfolio will invest primarily in Index ETFs and the Portfolio's percentage allocation to leveraged ETFs will be reduced. When Probabilities believes that market conditions are unfavorable for equities, the Portfolio will invest in Inverse Index ETFs or Cash Instruments.

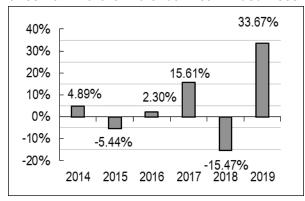
The Portfolio's investment program will emphasize active management of the Portfolio's investments, with an emphasis on capturing profits on short-term movements. This policy will result in the Portfolio engaging in frequent trading of the Portfolio. Consequently, the Portfolio's portfolio turnover and brokerage commission expenses may exceed those of most investment entities of comparable size.

Principal Investment Risks: Remember that in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose money by investing in the Portfolio. The Portfolio is not intended to be a complete investment program. The principal risks of investing in the Portfolio are:

- ETF Risk. ETFs are subject to investment advisory fees and other expenses, which will be indirectly paid by the Portfolio. As a result, your cost of investing in the Portfolio will be higher than the cost of investing directly in the ETFs and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in stocks and bonds. Shares of ETFs may trade at a discount or premium in market price if there is a limited market in such shares and are also subject to brokerage and other trading costs. Index ETFs in which the Portfolio invests will not be able to fully replicate the performance of the indices they track because the total return generated by the securities will be reduced by transaction costs in trading the ETFs portfolio. Each ETF is subject to specific risks, depending on its investments.
  - Leveraged ETFs employ leverage, which magnifies the changes in the value of the Leveraged ETFs, which could result in significant losses to the Portfolio. The Portfolio invests in Leveraged Index ETFs in an effort to deliver daily performance at twice the rate of the underlying index and if held over long periods of time, particularly in volatile markets, the ETFs may not achieve their objective and may, in fact, perform contrary to expectations.
  - Inverse ETFs are designed to rise in price when stock prices are falling. Inverse ETFs tend to limit the Portfolio's participation in overall market-wide gains. Accordingly, their performance over longer terms can perform very differently than underlying assets and benchmarks, and volatile markets can amplify this effect.
- Management Risk. Probabilities' judgment about the attractiveness, value and potential appreciation of a particular security or derivative in which the Portfolio invests or sells short may prove to be incorrect and may not produce the desired results, resulting in losses for the Portfolio.
- Stock Market. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. It is difficult to predict when similar events affecting the U.S. or global financial markets may occur, the effects that such events may have and the duration of those effects. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of the Portfolio. The current novel coronavirus (COVID-19) global pandemic and the aggressive responses taken by many governments, including closing borders, restricting international and domestic travel, and the imposition of prolonged quarantines or similar restrictions, as well as the forced or voluntary closure of, or operational changes to, many retail and other businesses, has had negative impacts, and in many cases severe negative impacts, on markets worldwide. It is not known how long such impacts, or any future impacts of other significant events described above, will or would last, but there could be a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact your investment.
- Turnover Risk. The Fund engages in high frequency trading which results in a significantly high turnover rate. A
  higher portfolio turnover may result in higher transactional and brokerage costs and may result in the Fund
  realizing more short-term capital gains than other funds. Such transactional and brokerage costs have a negative
  effect on Fund performance.

**Performance:** The bar chart and performance table set out below help show the returns and risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows performance of the Portfolio for each full calendar year since the Portfolio's inception for Class 1 shares. The performance table compares the performance of the Portfolio over time to the performance of a broad-based securities market index. You should be aware that the Portfolio's past performance may not be an indication of how the Portfolio will perform in the future. Updated performance information will be available at no cost by calling 1-855-224-7204.

#### Performance Bar Chart for Calendar Year Ended December 31.



Best Quarter:	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter 2019	10.73%
Worst Quarter:	4th Quarter 2018	(9.44)%

# Performance Table Average Annual Total Returns

(For periods ended December 31, 2019)

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception of the Portfolio <sup>(1)</sup>
Class 1 Shares	33.67%	4.79%	4.99%
S&P 500 Total Return Index (2)	31.49%	11.70%	13.49%

- (1) The inception date of the class 1 shares of the Portfolio is April 29, 2013.
- (2) The inclusion of the S&P 500 Total Return Index results are for comparison purposes only. The S&P 500 Total Return Index is an unmanaged composite of 500 large capitalization companies and includes the reinvestment of dividends. This index is widely used by professional investors as a performance benchmark for large-cap stocks. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. The historical performance results of the S&P 500 Total Return Index (and all other indexes, are unmanaged; do not reflect the deduction of transaction and custodial charges, or the deduction of a management fee, the incurrence of which would have the effect of decreasing indicated historical performance results and cannot be invested indirectly).

Investment Adviser: Probabilities Fund Management, LLC

**Portfolio Manager:** Joseph B. Childrey, founder and chief investment officer of Probabilities, the adviser to the Portfolio, serve as portfolio manager. Joseph B. Childrey has served the Portfolio as portfolio manager since it commenced operations.

Purchase and Sale of Portfolio Shares: Shares of the Portfolio are intended to be sold to certain separate accounts of the participating life insurance companies, as well as qualified pension and retirement plans and certain unregistered separate accounts. You and other purchasers of variable annuity contracts, variable life contracts, and participants in pension and retirement plans will not own shares of the Portfolio directly. Rather, all shares will be held by the separate accounts or plans for your benefit and the benefit of other purchasers or participants. Please refer to your insurance contract prospectus or retirement plan documents for additional information on purchase and sale of shares. You may purchase and redeem shares of the Portfolio on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading, or as permitted under your insurance contract, separate account or retirement plan.

**Tax Information:** It is the Portfolio's intention to distribute all realized income and gains. Generally, owners of variable insurance contracts are not taxed currently on income or gains realized with respect to such contracts. However, some distributions from such contracts may be taxable at ordinary income tax rates. In addition, distributions made to an owner who is younger than 59 1/2 may be subject to a 10% penalty tax. Investors should ask their own tax advisors for more information on their own tax situation, including possible state or local taxes. Please refer to your insurance contract prospectus or retirement plan documents for additional information on taxes.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries: If you purchase the Portfolio through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or insurance company), the Portfolio and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Portfolio shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Portfolio over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS

This Prospectus describes the Portfolio, a series of Northern Lights Variable Trust, a Delaware statutory trust (the "Trust"). Probabilities Fund Management, LLC serves as the Portfolio's investment adviser. The Portfolio is intended to be a funding vehicle for variable annuity contracts and flexible premium variable life insurance policies offered by the separate accounts of various insurance companies (each a "Participating Insurance Company").

The Trust has received an exemptive order from the SEC ("Exemptive Order") that permits the portfolios of the Trust, including the Portfolio, to sell shares to separate accounts of unaffiliated insurance companies, and pension and retirement plans that qualify for special income tax treatment (each a "Participating Insurance Company"). These arrangements may present certain conflicts of interest due to differences in tax treatment and other considerations such that the interests of various variable contract owners participating in a portfolio and the interests of pension and retirement plans investing in a portfolio may conflict. For example, violation of the federal tax laws by one insurance company separate account investing directly or indirectly in a portfolio could cause other variable insurance products funded by the separate account of another insurance company to lose their tax-deferred status unless remedial actions were taken. It is possible that a difference may arise among the interests of the holders of different types of contracts for example, if applicable state insurance law or contract owner instructions prevent a Participating Insurance Company from continuing to invest in a portfolio following a change in the portfolio's investment policies, or if different tax laws apply to flexible premium variable life insurance contracts and variable annuities. The Board and each Participating Insurance Company will attempt to monitor events to prevent such differences from arising. As a condition of the Exemptive Order, the Board will monitor events in order to identify any material irreconcilable conflicts which may arise (such as those arising from tax or other differences), and to determine what action, if any, should be taken in response to such conflicts. If such a conflict were to occur, one or more insurance companies' separate accounts might be required to withdraw their investments in one or more of the portfolios. This might force a portfolio, such as the Portfolio, to sell its securities at disadvantageous prices which could cause a decrease in the portfolio's NAV.

Individual variable annuity contract holders and flexible premium variable life insurance policyholders are not "shareholders" of the Portfolio. The Participating Insurance Company and its separate accounts are the shareholders or investors, although such company will pass through voting rights to its variable annuity contract or flexible premium variable life insurance policyholders. Shares of the Portfolio are not offered directly to the general public.

The adviser, under the oversight of the Board, is responsible for constructing and monitoring the Portfolio's investments to be consistent with the investment objective and principal investment strategies of the Portfolio. The Portfolio invests within a specific segment (or portion) of the capital markets and invests in a wide variety of securities consistent with its investment objective and style. The potential risks and returns of the Portfolio vary with the degree to which the Portfolio invests in a particular market segment and/or asset class.

**Investment Objective:** The Portfolio seeks capital appreciation. The Portfolio's investment objective is not a fundamental policy and may be changed by the Board upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders.

Adviser's Investment Strategies and Investment Process: Probabilities uses a rules-based, trend-following methodology that seeks to take advantage of long-term market trends and momentum in the U.S. stock market, as represented by the S&P 500. Using a quantitative and qualitative approach that evaluates cyclical and seasonal trends in the market and considers the potential impact of political and macro level economic events, Probabilities seeks to identify when the S&P 500 will have the highest and lowest probabilities of capital appreciation. When trends indicate that conditions are favorable for U.S. equities, the Portfolio will seek to gain exposure to broad-based U.S. equity indices, principally the S&P 500, through investment in a combination of Index ETFs and Leveraged Index ETFs. The Portfolio's weightings among Index ETFs and Leveraged Index ETFs will vary depending upon Probabilities' evaluation of the potential opportunity for gains, but at all times the Portfolio views markets as favorable it will seek to provide up to 100% exposure or greater, depending on the extent to which Probabilities employs Leveraged Index ETFs, to U.S. equities. During periods in which Probabilities anticipates the highest probability for gains, the Portfolio will seek to maximize potential returns by increasing its weightings in Leveraged Index ETFs in order to achieve up to 300% exposure to broad-based U.S. indices, principally the S&P 500. When trends indicate that market conditions are unfavorable for U.S. equities, the Portfolio will invest in Inverse Index ETFs or Cash Instruments. The Portfolio will alternate between Index ETFs, Leveraged Index ETFs, Inverse Index ETFs, and Cash Instruments in accordance with Probabilities, methodology. While trends can change over time, Probabilities generally expect the Portfolio to be invested in long and/or leveraged ETFs up to 60% of the time during a typical calendar year.

Probabilities' strategy is based on long-term historical analyses and does not primarily attempt to anticipate market movements based on current conditions; rather, it attempts to isolate the periods of time where the U.S. equity markets, and in particular the S&P 500, has the greatest likelihood of capital appreciation in the longer term. The S&P 500 is an index of market capitalization weighted large- and mid-cap U.S. stocks. Probabilities believes that the S&P 500 is a strong indicator of overall market performance. Accordingly, when trends are most favorable, Probabilities seek to maximize the Portfolio's exposure to the S&P 500 and other broad-based U.S. indices by increasing its weightings in Leveraged Index ETFs.

The Portfolio's investment program emphasizes active management of the Portfolio's portfolio, with an emphasis on capturing profits on short-term movements. This policy results in the Portfolio taking frequent trading positions. Consequently, the Portfolio's portfolio turnover and brokerage commission expenses may exceed those of most investment entities of comparable size.

#### **Principal Investment Risks:**

- ETF Risk. ETFs are subject to investment advisory fees and other expenses, which will be indirectly paid by the Portfolio. As a result, your cost of investing in the Portfolio will be higher than the cost of investing directly in the ETFs and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in stocks and bonds. ETFs are listed on national stock exchanges and are traded like stocks listed on an exchange. ETF shares may trade at a discount or a premium in market price if there is a limited market in such shares. ETFs are also subject to brokerage and other trading costs, which could result in greater expenses to the Portfolio. Finally, because the value of ETF shares depends on the demand in the market, the adviser may not be able to liquidate the Portfolio's holdings at the most optimal time, adversely affecting performance. You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the ETFs in addition to the Portfolios' direct fees and expenses. Additional risks of investing in ETFs are described below:
  - Net Asset Value and Market Price Risk: The market value of the ETF shares may differ from their net asset value. This difference in price may be due to the fact that the supply and demand in the market for ETF shares at any point in time is not always identical to the supply and demand in the market for the underlying basket of securities. Accordingly, there may be times when an ETF share trades at a premium or discount to its net asset value.
  - Leverage Risk: Leveraged ETFs employ leverage, which magnifies the changes in the underlying equity index on which the Leveraged ETF is based. For example, if a Leveraged ETF's current benchmark is 200% of the S&P 500 Index and the ETF meets its objective, the value of the ETF will tend to increase at twice the rate of the underlying index (e.g., if the S&P 500 Index goes up 5% then the ETF's value should go up 10%). Likewise, if the S&P 500 Index decreases in value, the ETF's value will decrease by twice as much (e.g., if the S&P 500 Index goes down 5% then the ETF's value should go down 10%). As a result, investing in Leveraged ETFs could result in significant losses for the Portfolio.
  - Tracking Risk: Investment in the Portfolio should be made with the understanding that the ETFs in which the Portfolio invests will not be able to replicate exactly the performance of the indices they intend to track because the total return generated by the securities will be reduced by transaction costs incurred in adjusting the actual balance of the securities. In addition, the ETFs in which the Portfolio invests will incur expenses not incurred by their applicable indices. Certain securities comprising the indices tracked by the ETFs may, from time to time, temporarily be unavailable, which may further impede the ability to track the applicable indices.
  - o Inverse ETF Risk: Under certain circumstances, the Portfolio may invest in ETFs, known as "inverse funds," which are designed to produce results opposite to market trends. Inverse ETFs seek daily investment results, before fees and expenses, which correspond to the inverse (opposite) of the daily performance of a specific benchmark. Inverse ETFs are funds designed to rise in price when stock prices are falling. Inverse ETF index funds seek to provide investment results that will match a certain percentage of the inverse of the performance of a specific benchmark on a daily basis. For example, if a fund's current benchmark is 100% of the inverse of the XYZ Index and the fund meets its objective, the value of the fund will tend to increase on a daily basis when the value of the underlying index decreases (if the XYZ Index goes down 5% then the fund's value should go up 5%). Conversely, when the value of the underlying index increases, the value of the fund's shares tend to decrease on a daily basis (if the XYZ Index goes up 5% then the fund's value should go down 5%). Inverse ETFs tend to limit the Portfolio's participation in overall market-wide gains. Most inverse ETFs reset daily (meaning they aim to achieve their stated objective daily). Accordingly, their performance over longer terms can perform very differently than underlying assets and benchmarks, and volatile markets can amplify this effect.

- Management Risk. Your investment in the Portfolio varies with the effectiveness of the adviser's research, analysis and asset allocation among portfolio securities. Probabilities' judgments about the attractiveness, value and potential appreciation of the particular security in which the Portfolio invests or sells short may prove to be incorrect and may not produce the desired results, resulting in losses for the Portfolio.
- Market and Geopolitical. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. It is difficult to predict when similar events affecting the U.S. or global financial markets may occur, the effects that such events may have and the duration of those effects. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of the Portfolio. The current novel coronavirus (COVID-19) global pandemic and the aggressive responses taken by many governments, including closing borders, restricting international and domestic travel, and the imposition of prolonged quarantines or similar restrictions, as well as the forced or voluntary closure of, or operational changes to, many retail and other businesses, has had negative impacts, and in many cases severe negative impacts, on markets worldwide. It is not known how long such impacts, or any future impacts of other significant events described above, will or would last, but there could be a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact your investment. Therefore, the Portfolio could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates can have the same impact on all types of securities and instruments. In times of severe market disruptions you could lose your entire investment.
- Stock Market Risk. Stock markets can be volatile. In other words, the prices of stocks can fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions. The Portfolio's investments may decline in value if the stock markets perform poorly. There is also a risk that the Portfolio's investments will underperform either the securities markets generally or particular segments of the securities markets.
- Turnover Risk. A higher portfolio turnover may result in higher transactional and brokerage costs associated with the turnover which may reduce the Portfolio's return, unless the securities traded can be bought and sold without corresponding commission costs. Active trading of securities may also increase the Portfolio's realized capital gains or losses, which may affect the taxes you pay as a Portfolio shareholder.

**Portfolio Holdings Disclosure:** A description of the Portfolio's policies regarding the release of portfolio holdings information is available in the Portfolio's Statement of Additional Information. Shareholders may request portfolio holdings schedules at no charge by calling 1-855-224-7204.

**Cybersecurity:** The computer systems, networks and devices used by the Portfolio and its service providers to carry out routine business operations employ a variety of protections designed to prevent damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons and security breaches. Despite the various protections utilized by the Portfolio and its service providers, systems, networks, or devices potentially can be breached. The Portfolio and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of a cybersecurity breach.

Cybersecurity breaches can include unauthorized access to systems, networks, or devices; infection from computer viruses or other malicious software code; and attacks that shut down, disable, slow, or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes, or website access or functionality. Cybersecurity breaches may cause disruptions and impact the Portfolio's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses; interference with the Portfolio's ability to calculate its NAV; impediments to trading; the inability of the Portfolio, the adviser, and other service providers to transact business; violations of applicable privacy and other laws; regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs; as well as the inadvertent release of confidential information.

Similar adverse consequences could result from cybersecurity breaches affecting issuers of securities in which the Portfolio invests; counterparties with which the Portfolio engages in transactions; governmental and other regulatory authorities; exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, and other financial institutions (including financial intermediaries and service providers for the Portfolio's shareholders); and other parties.

In addition, substantial costs may be incurred by these entities in order to prevent any cybersecurity breaches in the future.

#### **MANAGEMENT OF THE PORTFOLIO**

**Investment Adviser:** Probabilities Fund Management, LLC, 200 Mamaroneck, Suite 300, White Plains, NY 10601, serves as investment adviser to the Portfolio. Subject to the authority of the Board of Trustees, Probabilities is responsible for management of the Portfolio's investment portfolio. Probabilities is responsible for selecting the Portfolio's investments according to the Portfolio's investment objective, policies and restrictions. Probabilities was established in 2007, and also advises individuals, financial institutions, other pooled investment vehicles and corporations in addition to the Portfolio. As of December 31, 2019, Probabilities had approximately \$82.7 million in assets under management.

Pursuant to an advisory agreement between the Trust and the adviser, on behalf of the Portfolio, the adviser is entitled to receive, on a monthly basis, an annual advisory fee equal to 1.35% of the Portfolio's average daily net assets (the "Advisory Agreement").

The Advisory Agreement may be terminated at any time by any party thereto, without the payment of any penalty, upon sixty (60) days' prior written notice to the other parties; PROVIDED, that in the case of termination by the Portfolio, such action shall have been authorized (i) by resolution of the Trust's Board of Trustees, including the vote or written consent of Trustees of the Trust who are not parties to the Advisory Agreement or interested persons of either party hereto, or (ii) by vote of majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Portfolio.

The Probabilities has contractually agreed to reduce their fees and/or reimburse expenses, until at least April 30, 2021, in order to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses excluding (i) any front-end or contingent deferred loads; (ii) brokerage fees and commissions; (iii) acquired fund fees and expenses; (iv) fees and expenses associated with investments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including for example options and swap fees and expenses); (v) borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); (vi) taxes; and (vii) extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Portfolio officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Portfolio service providers (other than the Adviser)) of the Portfolio do not exceed 2.24% of the average daily net assets attributable to Class 1 shares of the Portfolio, subject to possible recoupment from the Portfolio in future years on a rolling three year basis (within the three fiscal years after the fees have been waived or reimbursed) if such recoupment can be achieved within the expense limitation. The expense limitation agreement may be terminated at any time by the Board upon 60 days written notice to the adviser and may not be terminated by the adviser without the consent of the Board. The expense limitation agreement terminates upon termination of the Advisory Agreement.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Advisory Agreement is available in the Portfolio's annual report dated December 31, 2019. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 the adviser received an annual advisory fee equal to 0.04% of the Portfolio's average daily net assets.

**Portfolio Managers:** Joseph B. Childrey, founder and Chief Investment Officer of Probabilities, has served as the portfolio manager for the Portfolio since its inception. Prior to founding Probabilities in 2007, Mr. Childrey was a consultant for Stone & Youngberg, LLC, a firm specializing in public finance and fixed income investments from 2005 to 2006; a Senior Vice President for Wells Fargo Investments from 2000 to 2005; a Senior Vice President and Branch Manager for A.G. Edwards & Sons., Inc. from 1990 to 2000; and an Investment Executive with PaineWebber from 1988 to 1990. Mr. Childrey received a Bachelor of Arts degree from Western Maryland College, with a major in sociology.

The portfolio manager is supported by the Probabilities' investment committee. The committee provides top-down economic analysis, quantitative research, momentum forecasting, and technical analysis of current financial and economic conditions. The committee may review specific issues brought forth by the analysts, but final investment and portfolio management decisions are approved by the portfolio manager.

The Portfolio's Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio manager's compensation structure, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership of shares of the Portfolio.

#### **HOW SHARES ARE PRICED**

The public offering price and net asset value ("NAV") of Portfolio shares are determined at close of regular trading (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for business. NAV is computed by determining the aggregate market value of all assets of the Portfolio less its liabilities divided by the total number of the Portfolio's shares outstanding, on a per-class basis. ((Assets minus liabilities)/number of shares=NAV). The NYSE is closed on weekends and New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The NAV takes into account the per-class expenses and fees of the Portfolio, including management, administration, and distribution fees, if any, which are accrued daily. The determination of NAV for a particular day is applicable to all applications for the purchase of shares, as well as all requests for the redemption of shares, received by the Portfolio (or an authorized broker or agent, or its authorized designee) before the close of trading on the NYSE on that day.

Generally, the Portfolio's securities are valued each day at the last quoted sales price on each security's primary exchange. Securities traded or dealt in upon one or more securities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) for which market quotations are readily available and not subject to restrictions against resale shall be valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange or, in the absence of a sale on the primary exchange, at the mean between the current bid and ask prices on such exchange. Securities primarily traded in the National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation System ("NASDAQ") National Market System for which market quotations are readily available shall be valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities that are not traded or dealt in any securities exchange (whether domestic or foreign) and for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, at the mean between the current bid and ask price on such over-the-counter market. Debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued at prices supplied by a pricing agent(s) based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity. It is possible that the valuation determined by matrix pricing for a debt security may differ materially from the value that would be realized if the security were sold. During times of market volatility, it may be necessary for the Fund to utilize its fair value procedures to value (as described below) certain debt securities.

If market quotations are not readily available, securities will be valued at their fair market value as determined in good faith by the adviser in accordance with procedures approved by the Board and evaluated by the Board as to the reliability of the fair value method used. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. The fair value prices can differ from market prices when they become available or when a price becomes available. The Board has delegated execution of these procedures to a fair value team composed of one or more representatives from each of the (i) Trust, (ii) administrator, and (iii) adviser. The team may also enlist third party consultants such as an audit firm or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board reviews and ratifies the execution of this process and the resultant fair value prices at least quarterly to assure the process produces reliable results.

The Portfolio may use independent pricing services to assist in calculating the value of the Portfolio's securities. In addition, market prices for foreign securities are not determined at the same time of day as the NAV for the Portfolio. Because the Portfolio may invest in foreign securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges that may trade on weekends or other days when the Portfolio does not price its shares, the value of the Portfolio's portfolio may change on days when you may not be able to buy or sell the Portfolio's shares. In computing its NAV, the Portfolio values foreign securities held by the Portfolio at the latest closing price on the exchange in which they are traded immediately prior to closing of the NYSE. Prices of foreign securities quoted in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates. If events materially affecting the value of a security in the Portfolio's portfolio, particularly foreign securities, occur before the Portfolio prices its shares, the security will be valued at fair value. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted and does not resume before the Portfolio calculates its NAV, the adviser may need to price the security using the Portfolio's fair value pricing guidelines. Without a fair value price, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Fair valuation of the Portfolio's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Portfolio's NAV by short term traders. The determination of fair value involves subjective judgments. As a result, using fair value to price a security may result in a price materially different from the prices used by other mutual funds to determine net asset value or the price that may be realized upon the actual sale of the security.

With respect to any portion of the Portfolio's assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies that are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), the Portfolio's NAV is calculated based upon the NAVs of the registered open-end management investment companies in which it invests, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

#### **HOW TO PURCHASE AND REDEEM SHARES**

**Share Classes:** This Prospectus describes one class of shares offered by the Portfolio: Class 1 shares. Class 2 shares are offered by a separate prospectus. Class 1 shares include an annual fee distribution and shareholder servicing fee of up to 0.35% of average net assets attributable to Class 1 shares to compensate the Distributor for the provision of account maintenance and/or distribution services to shareholders. For information on ongoing distribution fees, see **Distribution Fees** on page 12 of this Prospectus. Each class of shares in the Portfolio represents interest in the same portfolio of investments in the Portfolio. All share classes may not be available for purchase in all states.

As described earlier in this Prospectus, shares of the Portfolio are intended to be sold to certain separate accounts of the participating life insurance companies, as well as qualified pension and retirement plans and certain unregistered separate accounts. You and other purchasers of variable annuity contracts will not own shares of the Portfolio directly. Rather, all shares will be held by the separate accounts for your benefit and the benefit of other purchasers of variable annuity contracts. All investments in the Portfolio are credited to the shareholder's account in the form of full or fractional shares of the Portfolio. The Portfolio does not issue share certificates. Separate accounts may redeem shares to make benefit or surrender payments to you and other purchasers of variable annuity contracts or for other reasons described in the separate account prospectus that you received when you purchased your variable annuity contract. Redemptions are processed on any day on which the Portfolio is open for business. Please refer to your insurance contract prospectus or retirement plan documents for additional information.

#### When Order is Processed:

Shares of the Portfolio are sold and redeemed at their current NAV per share without the imposition of any sales commission or redemption charge, although certain sales and other charges may apply to the policies or annuity contracts. These charges are described in the applicable product prospectus. Requests to purchase and sell shares are processed at the NAV next calculated after the request is received by the Participating Insurance Company, or qualified pension or retirement plan, in good order. All requests received in good order by a Participating Insurance Company, or qualified pension or retirement plan before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the NYSE is open will be executed on that same day. Requests received after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on any day the NYSE is closed, will be processed on the next business day. The Participating Insurance Company or qualified pension or retirement plan is responsible for properly transmitting purchase orders and federal funds to the Portfolio.

The Portfolio typically expects that it will take no longer than 7 days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemption proceeds by check or electronic transfer. The Portfolio typically expects to pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalents, proceeds from the sale of Portfolio shares, any lines of credit, and then from the sale of Portfolio securities. These redemption payment methods will be used in regular and stressed market conditions.

The USA PATRIOT Act requires financial institutions, including the Portfolio, to adopt certain policies and programs to prevent money laundering activities, including procedures to verify the identity of customers opening new accounts. You will be required by your insurance company, or pension or retirement plan, to supply certain information, such as your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. This information will assist them in verifying your identity. As required by law, your insurance company, or pension or retirement plan may employ various procedures, such as comparing the information to fraud databases or requesting additional information or documentation from you, to ensure that the information supplied by you is correct.

#### **TAX CONSEQUENCES**

The Portfolio qualifies as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Code"). As qualified, the Portfolio is not subject to federal income tax on that part of its taxable income that it distributes to the separate accounts. Taxable income consists generally of net investment income, and any capital gains. It is the Portfolio's intention to distribute all such income and gains.

Generally, owners of variable insurance contracts are not taxed currently on income or gains realized with respect to such contracts. However, some distributions from such contracts may be taxable at ordinary income tax rates. In addition, distributions made to an owner who is younger than 59 1/2 may be subject to a 10% penalty tax. Investors should ask their own tax advisors for more information on their own tax situation, including possible state or local taxes.

Shares of the Portfolio are offered to the separate accounts of the participating life insurance companies and their affiliates. Separate accounts are insurance company separate accounts that fund the annuity contracts. Under the Code, the insurance company pays no tax with respect to income of a qualifying separate account when the income is properly allocable to the value of eligible variable annuity contracts. In order for shareholders to receive the favorable tax treatment available to holders of variable insurance contracts, the separate accounts, as well as the Portfolio, must meet certain diversification requirements. If the Portfolio does not meet such requirements, income allocable to the contracts would be taxable currently to the holders of such contracts. The diversification requirements are discussed below.

Section 817(h) of the Code and the regulations thereunder impose "diversification" requirements on the Portfolio. The Portfolio intends to comply with the diversification requirements. These requirements are in addition to the diversification requirements imposed on the Portfolio by Subchapter M and the 1940 Act. The 817(h) requirements place certain limitations on the assets of each separate account that may be invested in securities of a single issuer. Specifically, the regulations provide that, except as permitted by "safe harbor" rules described below, as of the end of each calendar quarter or within 30 days thereafter, no more than 55% of a portfolio's total assets may be represented by any one investment, no more than 70% by any two investments, no more than 80% by any three investments, and no more than 90% by any four investments.

Section 817(h) also provides, as a safe harbor, that a separate account will be treated as being adequately diversified if the diversification requirements under Subchapter M are satisfied and no more than 55% of the value of the account's total assets is cash and cash items, government securities, and securities of other regulated investment companies. For purposes of section 817(h), all securities of the same issuer, all interests in the same real property, and all interests in the same commodity are treated as a single investment. In addition, each U.S. government agency or instrumentality is treated as a separate issuer, while the securities of a particular foreign government and its agencies, instrumentalities, and political subdivisions all will be considered securities issued by the same issuer. If the Portfolio does not satisfy the section 817(h) requirements, the separate accounts, the insurance company, the policies and the annuity contracts may be taxable. See the prospectuses for the policies and annuity contracts.

For a more complete discussion of the taxation of the life insurance company and the separate accounts, as well as the tax treatment of the annuity contracts and the holders thereof, see the prospectus for the applicable annuity contract. The preceding is only a summary of some of the important federal income tax considerations generally affecting the Portfolio and you; see the Statement of Additional Information for a more detailed discussion. You are urged to consult your tax advisors for more information.

#### **DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

All dividends are distributed to the separate accounts or other shareholders on an annual basis and will be automatically reinvested in Portfolio shares unless an election is made on behalf of a separate account or other shareholder to receive some or all of the dividends in cash. Dividends are not taxable as current income to you or other purchasers of variable insurance contracts.

#### FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF PORTFOLIO SHARES

The Portfolio discourages and does not accommodate market timing. Frequent trading into and out of the Portfolio can harm all Portfolio shareholders by disrupting the Portfolio's investment strategies, increasing Portfolio expenses, decreasing tax efficiency and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. The Portfolio is designed for long-term investors and is not intended for market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Accordingly, the Trust's Board has approved policies that seek to curb these disruptive activities while recognizing that shareholders may have a legitimate need to adjust their Portfolio investments as their financial needs or circumstances change.

The Portfolio reserves the right to reject or restrict purchase or exchange requests for any reason, particularly when a shareholder's trading activity suggests that the shareholder may be engaged in market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Neither the Portfolio nor the adviser will be liable for any losses resulting from rejected purchase or exchange orders. The Adviser may also bar an investor (and the investor's financial adviser) who has violated these policies from opening new accounts with the Portfolio.

Because purchase and sale transactions are submitted to the Portfolio on an aggregated basis by the insurance company issuing the variable insurance contract or variable life contract, or other shareholder, the Portfolio is not able to identify market timing transactions by individual variable insurance contract or plan participant. Short of rejecting all transactions made by a separate account, the Portfolio lacks the ability to reject individual short-term trading transactions. The Portfolio, therefore, has to rely upon the insurance company or other shareholder to police restrictions in the variable insurance contracts or according to the insurance company's administrative policies, or such shareholder's plan documents. The Portfolio has entered into an information sharing agreement with the insurance company or other shareholders that use the Portfolio as an underlying investment vehicle for its separate accounts. Under this agreement, the insurance company or other shareholder is obligated to (i) adopt and enforce during the term of the agreement a market timing policy, the terms of which are acceptable to the Portfolio; (ii) furnish the Portfolio, upon its request, with information regarding contract or policyholder trading activities in shares of the Portfolio; and (iii) enforce its market timing policy with respect to contract, policyholders or plan participants identified by the Portfolio as having engaged in market timing.

The Portfolio monitors for market timing activities, such as unusual cash flows, and work with the applicable insurance company or plan to determine whether or not short-term trading is involved. When information regarding transactions in the Portfolio's shares is requested by the Portfolio and such information is in the possession of a person that is itself a financial intermediary to the insurance company (an "indirect intermediary"), the insurance company is obligated to obtain transaction information from the indirect intermediary or, if directed by the Portfolio, to restrict or prohibit the indirect intermediary from purchasing shares of the Portfolio on behalf of the contract or policyholder or any other persons. The Portfolio applies these policies as uniformly as practicable. It is, however, more difficult to locate and eliminate individual market timers in the separate accounts because information about trading is received on a delayed basis and there can be no assurances that the Portfolio will be able to do so. In addition, the right of an owner of a variable insurance product to transfer among sub-accounts is governed by a contract between the insurance company and the owner. Many of these contracts do not limit the number of transfers that a contract owner may make among the available investment options. The terms of these contracts, the presence of financial intermediaries (including the insurance company) between the Portfolio and the contract and policyholders and other factors such as state insurance laws may limit the Portfolio's ability to deter market timing. Multiple tiers of such financial intermediaries may further compound the Portfolio's difficulty in deterring such market timing activities. Variable insurance contract holders should consult the prospectus for their variable insurance contract for additional information on contract level restrictions relating to market timing.

#### **DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES**

**Distributor:** Northern Lights Distributors, LLC, 4221 North 203<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 100, Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022, is the distributor for the shares of the Portfolio. Northern Lights Distributors, LLC is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). Shares of the Portfolio are offered on a continuous basis.

**Distribution Fees:** The Trust, with respect to the Portfolio has adopted the Trust's Master Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plan, pursuant to Rule 12b-1 of the 1940 Act, (the "Plans") which allows the Portfolio to pay the Portfolio's distributor an annual fee for distribution and shareholder servicing of up to 0.35% of the Portfolio's average daily net assets attributable to Class 1 shares. A portion of the fee payable pursuant to the Plans, equal to up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets, may be characterized as a service fee as such term is defined under Rule 2341 of the FINRA Conduct Rules. A service fee is a payment made for personal service and/or the maintenance of shareholder accounts.

The Portfolio's distributor and other entities are paid under the Plans for services provided and the expenses borne by the distributor and others in the distribution of Portfolio shares, including the payment of commissions for sales of the shares and incentive compensation to and expenses of dealers and others who engage in or support distribution of shares or who service shareholder accounts, including overhead and telephone expenses; printing and distribution of prospectuses and reports used in connection with the offering of the Portfolio's shares to other than current shareholders; and preparation, printing and distribution of sales literature and advertising materials. In addition, the distributor or other entities may utilize fees paid pursuant to the Plans to compensate dealers or other entities for their opportunity costs in advancing such amounts, which compensation would be in the form of a carrying charge on any un-reimbursed expenses.

You should be aware that if you hold your shares for a substantial period of time, you may indirectly pay more than the economic equivalent of the maximum front-end sales charge allowed by the FINRA due to the recurring nature of distribution (12b-1) fees.

Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries: The distributor, the Portfolio's affiliates, and Probabilities and their respective affiliates may, at their own expense and out of their own assets including their legitimate profits from Portfolio-related activities, provide additional cash payments to financial intermediaries who sell shares of the Portfolio or assist in the marketing of the Portfolio, including placement agents and marketing specialists. Financial intermediaries include brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others. These payments may be in addition to the Rule 12b-1 fees and any sales charges that are disclosed elsewhere in this Prospectus. These payments are generally made to financial intermediaries that provide shareholder or administrative services, or marketing support. Marketing support may include access to sales meetings, conference sponsorships, sales representatives and financial intermediary management representatives, inclusion of the Portfolio on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, or other sales programs. These payments also may be made as an expense reimbursement in cases where the financial intermediary provides shareholder services to Portfolio shareholders. The Distributor may, from time to time, provide promotional incentives to certain investment firms. Such incentives may, at the distributor's discretion, be limited to investment firms who allow their individual selling representatives to participate in such additional compensation.

**Householding:** To reduce expenses, we mail only one copy of the prospectus and each annual and semi-annual report to those addresses shared by two or more accounts. If you wish to receive individual copies of these documents, please call the Portfolio at 1-855-224-7204 between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Eastern Time on days the Portfolio is open for business or contact your financial institution. We will begin sending you individual copies thirty days after receiving your request.

#### **Voting and Meetings**

The Participating Insurance Company that issued your variable contract will solicit voting instructions from you and other purchasers of variable annuity contracts with respect to any matters that are presented to a vote of shareholders. The insurance company may be required to vote on a proportional basis, which means that for shares outstanding for which it receives no instructions, the insurance company will vote those shares in the same proportion as the shares for which it did receive instructions (either for or against a proposal). To the extent the insurance company is required to vote the total Portfolio shares held in its separate accounts on a proportional basis, it is possible that a small number of variable insurance contract owners would be able to determine the outcome of a matter. Shareholders shall be entitled to one vote for each share held.

The Portfolio does not hold annual meetings of shareholders but may hold special meetings. Special meetings are held, for example, to elect or remove Trustees, change the Portfolio's fundamental investment policies, or approve an investment advisory contract. Unless required otherwise by applicable laws, one-third of the outstanding shares constitute a quorum (or one-third of the class if the matter relates only to a class). The Portfolio and the insurance company may vote all shares as set forth above.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Portfolio's financial performance for the period of the Portfolio's operations. Certain information reflects financial results for Class 1 shares. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Portfolio (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information for the Portfolio has been derived from the financial statements audited by RSM US LLP, whose report, along with the Portfolio's financial statements, are included in the Portfolio's December 31, 2019 annual report, which is available upon request.

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Period

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	For the Year Ended December 31, 2017	For the Year Ended December 31, 2016	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 6.95	\$ 10.81	\$ 9.35	\$ 9.14	\$ 10.95
Activity from investment operations:  Net investment loss (1)  Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.03)	(0.18)	(0.11)	(0.18)	(0.20)
on investments <sup>(5)</sup> Total from investment operations Less distributions from:	2.37 2.34	(1.66) (1.84)	1.57 1.46	0.39	(0.36) (0.56)
Net investment income Net realized gains Total distributions		(2.02) (2.02)			(1.25) (1.25)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 9.29	\$ 6.95	\$ 10.81	\$ 9.35	\$ 9.14
Total return (2)	33.67%	(15.47)	% <u>15.61</u> %	2.30%	(5.44)%
Net assets, end of year (000s)	\$ 9,377	\$ 8,454	<u>\$ 16,767</u>	<u>\$ 15,982</u>	\$ 25,802
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets (3) Ratio of net expenses to average	3.55%	6 2.98%	6 2.78%	2.45%	2.22%
net assets (3) Ratio of net investment loss to average	2.24%	6 2.24%	6 2.24%	2.24%	2.22%
net assets (3,4)	(0.43)	% (1.76)	% (1.10)%	(2.04)%	(1.98)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	1711%	6 1900%	6 2376%	1754%	1557%

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total returns are historical in nature and assume changes in share price, reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions, if any. Had the Adviser not absorbed a portion of the Fund's expenses, total returns would have been lower.

<sup>(3)</sup> Does not include the expenses of other exchange traded funds in which the Fund invests.

<sup>(4)</sup> Recognition of net investment loss by the Fund is affected by the timing of declaration of dividends by the underlying exchange traded funds in which the Fund invests.

<sup>(5)</sup> Realized and unrealized gains (losses) per share in this caption are balancing amounts necessary to reconcile the change in net asset value per share for the period, and may not reconcile with aggregate gains and losses in the statement of operations due to the share transactions for the period.

## **PRIVACY NOTICE**

Rev. February 2014

FACTS	WHAT DOES NORTHERN LIGHTS VARIABLE TRUST DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?
Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some, but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
What?	The types of personal information we collect and share depends on the product or service that you have with us. This information can include:  • Social Security number and wire transfer instructions  • account transactions and transaction history  • investment experience and purchase history  When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.
How?	All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Northern Lights Variable Trust chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information:	Does Northern Lights Variable Trust share information?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes - such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus.	YES	NO
For our marketing purposes - to offer our products and services to you.	NO	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies.	NO	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your transactions and records.	NO	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your credit worthiness.	NO	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	NO	We don't share

QUESTIONS? Call 1-402-493-4603

## What we do:

How does Northern Lights Variable Trust protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.  Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.
How does Northern Lights Variable Trust collect my personal information?	<ul> <li>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</li> <li>open an account or deposit money</li> <li>direct us to buy securities or direct us to sell your securities</li> <li>seek advice about your investments</li> </ul> We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.
Why can't I limit all sharing?	<ul> <li>Federal law gives you the right to limit only:</li> <li>sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your creditworthiness.</li> <li>affiliates from using your information to market to you.</li> <li>sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you.</li> </ul> State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.

## **Definitions**

Deminions	
Affiliates	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.
	Northern Lights Variable Trust does not share with its affiliates.
Nonaffiliates	Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.
	Northern Lights Variable Trust does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.
Joint marketing	A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.
	Northern Lights Variable Trust doesn't jointly market.

#### PROBABILITIES VIT FUND

Adviser	Probabilities Fund Management, LLC 200 Mamaroneck, Suite 300 White Plains, NY 10601	Distributor	Northern Lights Distributors, LLC 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474
Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	RSM US LLP 555 Seventeenth St., Suite 1200 Denver, CO 80202	Legal Counsel	<b>Thompson Hine LLP</b> 41 South High Street, 17th Floor Columbus, OH 43215
Custodian	<b>MUFG Union Bank, N.A.</b> 400 California Street San Francisco, CA 94104	Transfer Agent	Gemini Fund Services, LLC 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474

Additional information about the Portfolio is included in the Portfolio's Statement of Additional Information dated May 1, 2020 (the "SAI"). The SAI is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference (i.e., legally made a part of this Prospectus). The SAI provides more details about the Portfolio's policies and management. Additional information about the Portfolio's investments is also available in the Portfolio's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders. In the Portfolio's Annual Report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Portfolio's performance during its last fiscal year.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI and the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders, or other information about the Portfolio, or to make shareholder inquiries about the Portfolio, please call 1-800-519-0438. You may also write to:

#### **Probabilities VIT Fund**

c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC 4221 North 203rd Street, Suite 100 Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-3474

You may review and obtain copies of the Portfolio's information at the SEC Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Please call 1-202-551-8090 for information relating to the operation of the Public Reference Room. Reports and other information about the Portfolio are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of the information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the Public Reference Section, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520.

Investment Company Act File #811-21853