NVIT Multi-Manager Small Cap Growth Fund



Summary Prospectus April 30, 2021

Class I / Class II

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains information about the Fund and its risks. This Summary Prospectus is intended for use in connection with variable insurance contracts, and is not intended for use by other investors. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated April 30, 2021 (as may be supplemented or revised), are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. For free paper or electronic copies of the Fund's Prospectus and other information about the Fund, go to nationwide.com/mutualfundsnvit, email a request to web_help@nationwide.com or call 800-848-0920, or ask any variable insurance contract provider who offers shares of the Fund as an underlying investment option in its products.

Objective

The NVIT Multi-Manager Small Cap Growth Fund seeks capital growth.

Fees and Expenses

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. Sales charges and other expenses that may be imposed by variable insurance contracts are not included. If these charges were reflected, the expenses listed below would be higher. See the variable insurance contract prospectus, which may impose sales charges and other additional contract-level expenses.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class I	Class II
	Shares	Shares
Management Fees	0.84%	0.84%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.31%	0.31%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.15%	1.40%
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	(0.06)%	(0.06)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	1.09%	1.34%

Nationwide Variable Insurance Trust (the "Trust") and Nationwide Fund Advisors (the "Adviser") have entered into a written contract limiting annual fund operating expenses to 0.94% until at least April 30, 2022. Under the expense limitation agreement, the level to which operating expenses are limited applies to all share classes, excluding any taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, Rule 12b-1 fees, acquired fund fees and expenses, short-sale dividend expenses, administrative services fees, other expenses which are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and expenses incurred by the Fund in connection with any merger or reorganization, and may exclude other nonroutine expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business. The expense limitation agreement may be changed or eliminated only with the consent of the Board of Trustees of the Trust. The Adviser may request and receive reimbursement from the Fund for advisory fees waived or other expenses reimbursed by the Adviser pursuant to the expense limitation agreement at a date not to exceed three years from the date in which the corresponding waiver or reimbursement to the Fund was made. However, no reimbursement may be made unless: (i) the Fund's assets exceed \$100 million and (ii) the total annual expense ratio is no higher than the amount of the expense limitation that was in place at the time the Adviser waived the fees or reimbursed the expenses and does not cause the expense limitation agreement.

Example

This Example is intended to help you to compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example, however, does not include charges that are imposed by variable insurance contracts. If these charges were reflected, the expenses listed below would be higher.

This Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then sell all of your shares at the end of those time periods. It assumes a 5% return each year and no change in expenses, and any expense limitation or fee waivers

that may apply for the periods indicated above under "Fees and Expenses." Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class I Shares	\$111	\$359	\$627	\$1,392
Class II Shares	136	437	760	1,675

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 72.58% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities issued by small-cap companies. Some of these companies may be considered to be "unseasoned," which are companies that have been in operation for less than three years, including the operations of any predecessors. The Fund employs a "growth" style of investing. In other words, the Fund seeks companies whose earnings are expected to grow consistently faster than those of other companies. The Fund may invest without limit in initial public offerings ("IPOs") of small-cap companies to capitalize on the opportunity for growth. The Fund may invest in stocks of small-cap companies that are located outside the United States. It may invest in any economic sector and, at times, emphasize one or more particular industries or sectors. The Fund generally considers selling a security when it reaches a target price, fails to perform as expected, or when other opportunities appear more attractive. The Fund may enter into repurchase agreements to generate additional income.

The Fund consists of two portions managed by different subadvisers acting independently with respect to the assets of the Fund they manage. Nationwide Fund Advisors ("NFA") is the Fund's investment adviser and, subject to the approval of the Board of Trustees of Nationwide Variable Insurance Trust (the "Trust"), selects the Fund's subadvisers and monitors their performance on an ongoing basis. NFA also determines the amount of Fund assets to allocate to each subadviser. NFA has chosen the Fund's current subadvisers because they approach investing in small-cap stocks in a different manner from each other. For example, as of the date of this Prospectus, one subadviser looks for companies that it believes have high growth potential based on fundamental analysis, while the other subadviser employs fundamental research designed to systematically capture business improvements and identify attractive relative valuations. In allocating assets between the subadvisers, NFA seeks to increase diversification among securities and investment styles in order to potentially increase the possibility for investment return and reduce risk and volatility.

Principal Risks

The Fund cannot guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective.

As with any fund, the value of the Fund's investments—and therefore, the value of Fund shares—may fluctuate. These changes may occur because of:

Equity securities risk- stock markets are volatile. The price of an equity security fluctuates based on changes in a company's financial condition and overall market and economic conditions.

Market risk – the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. This may be due to numerous factors, including interest rates, the outlook for corporate profits, the health of the national and world economies, national and world social and political events, and the fluctuation of other stock markets around the world.

The global pandemic outbreak of an infectious respiratory illness caused by a novel coronavirus known as COVID-19 has resulted in substantial market volatility and global business disruption, affecting the global economy and the financial health of individual companies in significant and unforeseen ways. The duration and future impact of COVID-19 are currently unknown, which may exacerbate the other risks that apply to the Fund and could negatively affect Fund performance and the value of your investment in the Fund.

Selection risk – selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by the Fund's subadvisers will underperform the markets, the relevant indexes or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies.

Smaller company risk - smaller companies are usually less stable in price and less liquid than larger, more established companies. Smaller companies are more vulnerable than larger companies to adverse business and economic developments and may have more limited resources. Therefore, they generally involve greater risk.

Investing in unseasoned companies – in addition to the other risks of smaller companies, these securities may have a very limited trading market, making it harder for the Fund to sell them at an acceptable price. The price of these securities may be very volatile, especially in the near term.

Growth style risk—growth stocks are generally more sensitive to market movements than other types of stocks primarily because their stock prices are based heavily on future expectations. If the subadviser's assessment of the prospects for a company's growth is wrong, or if the subadviser's judgment of how other investors will value the company's growth is wrong, then the Fund may suffer a loss as the price of the company's stock may fall or not approach the value that the subadviser has placed on it. In addition, growth stocks as a group may be out of favor at times and underperform the overall equity market for long periods while the market concentrates on other types of stocks, such as "value" stocks.

Foreign securities risk – foreign securities may be more volatile, harder to price and less liquid than U.S. securities. The prices of foreign securities may be further affected by other factors, such as changes in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the currencies in which the securities are traded.

Initial public offering risk – availability of IPOs may be limited and the Fund may not be able to buy any shares at the offering price, or may not be able to buy as many shares at the offering price as it would like, which may adversely impact Fund performance. Further, IPO prices often are subject to greater and more unpredictable price changes than more established stocks.

Sector risk – investments in particular industries or sectors may be more volatile than the overall stock market. Therefore, if the Fund emphasizes one or more industries or economic sectors, it may be more susceptible to financial, market or economic events affecting the particular issuers and industries participating in such sectors than funds that do not emphasize particular industries or sectors.

Multi-manager risk – while NFA monitors each subadviser and the overall management of the Fund, each subadviser makes investment decisions independently from NFA and the other subadviser(s). It is possible that the security selection process of one subadviser will not complement that of the other subadviser(s). As a result, the Fund's exposure to a given security, industry sector or market capitalization could be smaller or larger than if the Fund were managed by a single subadviser, which could affect the Fund's performance.

Liquidity risk – when there is little or no active trading market for specific types of securities or instruments, it can become more difficult to sell the securities or instruments at or near their perceived value. An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect the Fund's value or prevent the Fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities. Liquidity risk also includes the risk that the Fund will experience significant net redemptions of its shares at a time when it cannot find willing buyers for its portfolio securities or instruments or can sell its portfolio securities or instruments only at a material loss. To meet redemption requests, the Fund may be forced to sell other securities or instruments that are more liquid, but at unfavorable times and conditions. Investments in foreign securities tend to have more exposure to liquidity risk than domestic securities.

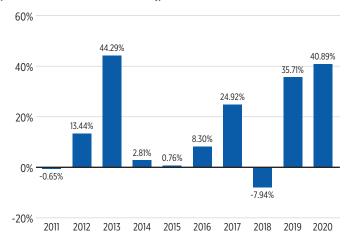
Repurchase agreements risk – exposes the Fund to the risk that the party that sells the securities to the Fund may default on its obligation to repurchase them.

Loss of money is a risk of investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows the volatility or variability of the Fund's annual total returns over time and shows that Fund performance can change from year to year. The table shows the Fund's average annual total returns for certain time periods compared to the returns of a comparable broad-based securities index. Remember, however, that past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. The returns shown in the bar chart and table do not include charges that will be imposed by variable insurance contracts. If these amounts were reflected, returns would be less than those shown.

Annual Total Returns - Class I Shares (Years Ended December 31,)



Highest Quarter: 31.51% - 2Q 2020 Lowest Quarter: -21.74% - 4Q 2018

Average Annual Total Returns (For the Periods Ended December 31, 2020)

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Class I Shares	40.89%	18.95%	14.90%
Class II Shares	40.51%	18.65%	14.62%
Russell 2000® Growth Index (reflects no	34.63%	16.36%	13.48%
deduction for fees or expenses)			

Portfolio Management

Investment Adviser

Nationwide Fund Advisors

Subadvisers

Invesco Advisers, Inc. ("Invesco") Wellington Management Company LLP ("Wellington Management")

Portfolio Managers

Portfolio Manager	Title	Length of Service with Fund			
Invesco					
Ronald J. Zibelli, Jr., CFA	Senior Portfolio Manager	Since 2008			
Ash Shah, CFA, CPA	Senior Portfolio Manager	Since 2014			
Wellington Management					
Mammen Chally, CFA	Senior Managing Director and Equity Portfolio Manager	Since 2013			
David Siegle, CFA	Managing Director and Equity Research Analyst	Since 2018			
Douglas McLane, CFA	Senior Managing Director and Equity Portfolio Manager	Since 2018			

Tax Information

The dividends and distributions paid by the Fund to the insurance company separate accounts will consist of ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. Because shares of the Fund must be purchased through separate accounts used to fund variable insurance contracts, such dividends and distributions will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within a separate account. Consult the variable insurance contract prospectus for additional tax information.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

This Fund is only offered as an underlying investment option for variable insurance contracts. The Fund and its related companies may make payments to the sponsoring insurance companies (or their affiliates) for distribution and/or other services, and to broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries that distribute the variable insurance contracts. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the insurance companies to include the Fund as an underlying investment option in the variable insurance contracts, and by influencing the broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries to distribute variable insurance contracts that include the Fund as an underlying investment option over other variable insurance contracts or to otherwise recommend the selection of the Fund as an underlying investment option by contract owners instead of other funds that also may be available investment options. The prospectus (or other offering document) for your variable insurance contract may contain additional information about these payments.